## Test Instructions

1. Total duration of this test is $\mathbf{1 8 0}$ minutes.
2. This test has 4 subjects consisting of 180 questions in total.
3. There are $\mathbf{4}$ total sections in the test.
4. Sections Info :

Physics
a. Section $\mathbf{A}$ has 45 questions, compulsory questions $\mathbf{4 5}$. $\mathbf{4}$ marks will be given for correct attempt and incorrect attempt -1

## Chemistry

a. Section $\mathbf{A}$ has $\mathbf{4 5}$ questions, compulsory questions $\mathbf{4 5}$. $\mathbf{4}$ marks will be given for correct attempt and incorrect attempt -1

## Botany

a. Section $\mathbf{A}$ has 47 questions, compulsory questions 47.4 marks will be given for correct attempt and incorrect attempt -1

## Zoology

a. Section $\mathbf{A}$ has $\mathbf{4 3}$ questions, compulsory questions $\mathbf{4 3} . \mathbf{4}$ marks will be given for correct attempt and incorrect attempt -1.
5. Total marks for this test is $\mathbf{7 2 0}$ marks.
6. No marks will be deducted for unattempted questions.
7. This test can be submitted only once.
8. Once the test has been submitted, you cannot edit the responses.
9. Results will be anounced post test submission.
10. The test will be auto-submitted once the timer ends.

## Section A

1. The angle of 1 ' (minute of arc) in radian is nearly equal to
2. $1.75 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{rad}$
3. $2.91 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{rad}$
4. $4.85 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{rad}$
5. $4.80 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{rad}$
6. Time intervals measured by a clock give the following readings :
$1.25 \mathrm{~s}, 1.24 \mathrm{~s}, 1.27 \mathrm{~s}, 1.21 \mathrm{~s}$ and 1.28 s

What is the percentage relative error of the observations?

1. $1.6 \%$
2. 2\%
3. 4\%
4. $16 \%$
5. A plano-convex lens of unknown material and unknown focal length is given. With the help of a spherometer we can measure the,
6. refractive index of the material
7. focal length of the lens
8. radius of curvature of the curved surface
9. aperture of the lens
10. A person sitting in the ground floor of a building notices through the
window, of height 1.5 m , a ball dropped from the roof of the building crosses the window in 0.1 s . What is the velocity of the ball when it is at the topmost point of the window ? $\left(g=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right)$
11. $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
12. $15.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
13. $14.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

## 4. $4.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

5. Three identical spheres, each of mass M , are placed at the corners of a right angle triangle with mutually perpendicular sides equal to 2 m (see figure). Taking the point of intersection of the two mutually perpendicular sides as the origin, find the position vector of centre of mass.

6. $\frac{4}{3}(\hat{\mathrm{i}}+\hat{\mathrm{j}})$
7. $2(\hat{\mathrm{i}}+\hat{\mathrm{j}})$
8. $(\hat{\mathrm{i}}+\hat{\mathrm{j}})$
9. $\frac{2}{3}(\hat{\mathrm{i}}+\hat{\mathrm{j}})$
10. 

## An ideal gas equation

can be written as $\mathrm{P}=\frac{\mathrm{\rho RT}}{\mathrm{M}_{0}}$ where $\rho$ and $M_{0}$ are respectively,

1. Number density, mass of the gas
2. Mass density,mass of the gas
3. Number density, molar mass
4. Mass density, molar mass
5. The $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{V}$ diagram for an ideal gas in a piston cylinder assembly undergoing a thermodynamic process is shown in the figure. The process is

6. isothermal
7. adiabatic
8. isochoric
9. isobaric
10. The efficiency of a Carnot engine depends upon
11. the temperature of the source only
12. the temperature of the sink only
13. the temperatures of the source and sink
14. the volume of the cylinder of the engine
15. Identify the function which represents a periodic motion.
16. $\mathrm{e}^{-\omega \mathrm{t}}$
17. $e^{\omega t}$
18. $\log _{e}(\omega t)$
19. $\sin \omega t+\cos \omega t$
20. The length of the string of a musical instrument is 90 cm and has a fundamental frequency of 120 Hz . Where should it be pressed to produce fundamental frequency of 180 Hz ?
21. 80 cm
22. 75 cm
3.60 cm
23. 45 cm
24. The variation of electrostatic potential with radial distance $r$ from the centre of a positively charged metallic thin shell of radius $R$ is given by the graph
25. 


2.

3.

4.

12. A wire of length $L$ metre carrying a current of l ampere is bent in the form of circle. Its magnetic moment is

1. $\mathrm{IL}^{2} / 4 \pi \mathrm{Am}^{2}$
2. $\mathrm{IL}^{2} / 4 \mathrm{Am}^{2}$
3. $\mathrm{I} \pi \mathrm{L}^{2} / 4 \mathrm{Am}^{2}$
4. $2 I \mathrm{~L}^{2} / \pi \mathrm{Am}^{2}$
5. The E.M. wave with shortest wavelength among the following is,
6. Microwaves
7. Ultraviolet rays
8. X-rays
9. Gamma-rays
10. The total energy of an electron in the $n^{\text {th }}$ stationary orbit of the hydrogen atom can be obtained by
11. $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}=-13.6 \times \mathrm{n}^{2} \mathrm{eV}$
12. $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}=\frac{13.6}{\mathrm{n}^{2}} \mathrm{eV}$
13. $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}=-\frac{13.6}{\mathrm{n}^{2}} \mathrm{eV}$
14. $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}=-\frac{1.36}{\mathrm{n}^{2}} \mathrm{eV}$
15. A barometer is constructed using a liquid (density $=760 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ ). What would be the height of the liquid column, when a mercury barometer
reads 76 cm ? (density of mercury = $13600 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ )
16. 0.76 m
17. 1.36 m
18. 13.6 m
19. 136 m
20. The equivalent resistance between A and B for the mesh shown in the figure is

21. $4.8 \Omega$
22. $7.2 \Omega$
23. $16 \Omega$
24. $30 \Omega$
25. For the circuit given below, the Kirchoff's loop rule for the loop BCDEB is given by the equation

26. $-\mathrm{i}_{2} \mathrm{R}_{2}+\mathrm{E}_{2}+\mathrm{E}_{3}+\mathrm{i}_{3} \mathrm{R}_{1}=0$
27. $-\mathrm{i}_{2} \mathrm{R}_{2}+\mathrm{E}_{2}-\mathrm{E}_{3}+\mathrm{i}_{3} \mathrm{R}_{1}=0$
28. $i_{2} R_{2}+E_{2}-E_{3}-i_{3} R_{1}=0$
29. $\mathrm{i}_{2} \mathrm{R}_{2}+\mathrm{E}_{2}+\mathrm{E}_{3}+\mathrm{i}_{3} \mathrm{R}_{1}=0$
30. For the circuit shown in the figure, the current I will be

31. 0.5 A
32. 0.75 A
33. 1 A
34. 1.5 A
35. The magnetic flux linked with a coil (in Wb ) is given by the equation $\phi=5 \mathrm{t}^{2}+3 \mathrm{t}+16$. The magnitude of induced emf in the coil at the fourth second will be
36. 10 V
37. 33 V
38. 43 V
39. 108 V
40. A light bulb and an inductor coil are connected to an ac source through a key as shown in the figure below.
The key is closed and after sometime an iron rod is inserted into the interior of the inductor. The glow of the light bulb

41. increases
42. decreases
43. remains unchanged
44. will fluctuate
45. The magnetic field in a plane electromagnetic wave is given by, $B_{y}=2 \times 10^{-7} \sin \left(\pi \times 10^{3} \mathrm{x}\right.$ $\left.+3 \pi \times 10^{11} \mathrm{t}\right) \mathrm{T}$
. Calculate the wavelength.
46. $\pi \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~m}$
47. $\pi \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~m}$
48. $2 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~m}$
49. $2 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~m}$
50. Two coherent sources of light interfere and produce fringe pattern on a screen. For central maximum, the phase difference between the two waves will be,
51. $\frac{\pi}{2}$
52. Zero
53. $\pi$
54. $\frac{3 \pi}{2}$
55. Out of the following which one is a forward biased diode?
56. $\mathrm{OV} \mathrm{V}-\mathrm{mm}-3 \mathrm{~V}$
57. $-4 \mathrm{~V}-\mathrm{Cl}-2 \mathrm{~V}$
58. ${ }^{2 \mathrm{~V}} \mathrm{D}-\mathrm{mN}-5 \mathrm{~V}$
59. $\xrightarrow{-2 \mathrm{~V}} \mathrm{Cu}-+2 \mathrm{~V}$
60. The angular speed of the wheel of a vehicle is increased from 360 rpm to

1200 rpm in 14 second. Its angular acceleration is,
$1.1 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
2. $2 \pi \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
3. $28 \pi \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
4. $120 \pi \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
25. Calculate the acceleration of the block and trolly system shown in the figure. The coefficient of kinetic friction between the trolly and the surface is 0.05. ( $g=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$, mass of the string is negligible and no other friction exists).


1. $1.00 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
2. $1.25 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
3. $1.50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
4. $1.66 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
5. A point mass ' $m$ ' is moved in a vertical circle of radius 'r' with the help of a string. The velocity of the mass is $\sqrt{7 g r}$ at the lowest point. The tension in the string at the lowest point is
1.1 mg
6. 6 mg
3.7 mg
7. 8 mg
8. What is the depth at which the value of acceleration due to gravity becomes $\frac{1}{\mathrm{n}}$ times the value that at the surface of earth? (radius of earth $=\mathrm{R}$ )
9. $\frac{\mathrm{R}}{\mathrm{n}}$
10. $\frac{\mathrm{R}}{\mathrm{n}^{2}}$
11. $\frac{\mathrm{R}(\mathrm{n}-1)}{\mathrm{n}}$
12. $\frac{\mathrm{Rn}}{(\mathrm{n}-1)}$
13. A liquid does not wet the solid surface if angle of contact is
14. Zero
15. equal to $45^{\circ}$
16. equal to $60^{\circ}$
17. greater than $90^{\circ}$
18. Three stars A, B, C have surface temperatures $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{B}}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}$ respectively. Star A appears bluish, star B appears reddish and star C yellowish. Hence,
19. $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}>\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}>\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{B}}$
20. $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}>\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{B}}>\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}$
21. $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{B}}>\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}>\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$
22. $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}>\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{B}}>\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$
23. The Mean Free Path for a gas molecule depends upon diameter, d of the molecule as
24. $\ell \propto \frac{1}{d}$
25. $\ell \propto \frac{1}{\mathrm{~d}^{2}}$
26. $\ell \propto d$
27. $\ell \propto d^{2}$
28. The acceleration of an electron due to the mutual attraction between the electron and a proton when they are $1.6 \AA$ apart is,
$\left(\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{e}} \simeq 9 \times 10^{-31} \mathrm{~kg}, \mathrm{e}=1.6 \times 10^{-19} \mathrm{C}\right)$
(Take $\frac{1}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0}}=9 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{Nm}^{2} \mathrm{C}^{-2}$ )
29. $10^{25} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
30. $10^{24} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
31. $10^{23} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
32. $10^{22} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
33. The electric field at a point on the equatorial plane at a distance $r$ from the centre of a dipole having dipole moment $\vec{p}$ is given by, ( $r \gg$ separation of two charges forming the dipole, $\epsilon_{0}$ - permittivity of free space)
34. $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{E}}=-\frac{\overrightarrow{\mathrm{P}}}{4 \pi \epsilon_{0 \mathrm{r}^{3}}}$
35. $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{E}}=\frac{\overrightarrow{\mathrm{P}}}{4 \pi \epsilon_{0} \mathrm{r}^{3}}$
36. $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{E}}=\frac{2 \overrightarrow{\mathrm{P}}}{4 \pi \epsilon_{0} \mathrm{r}^{3}}$
37. $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{E}}=-\frac{\overrightarrow{\mathrm{P}}}{4 \pi \epsilon_{0} \mathrm{r}^{2}}$
38. A parallel plate capacitor having cross-sectional area A and separation d has air in between the plates. Now
an insulating slab of same area but thickness $\mathrm{d} / 2$ is inserted between the plates as shown in figure having dielectric constant $K(=4)$. The ratio of new capacitance to its original capacitance will be,

39. $4: 1$
40. $2: 1$
41. $8: 5$
42. $6: 5$
43. Two solid conductors are made up of same material, have same length and same resistance. One of them has a circular cross section of area $A_{1}$ and the other one has asquare cross section of area $A_{2}$. The ratio $A_{1} / A_{2}$ is
44. 2
45. 1.5
46. 1
47. 0.8
48. A wheel with 20 metallic spokes each 1 m lo is rotated with a speed of 120 rpm in a plane perpendicular to a magnetic field of 0 G. The induced emf between the axle
and rim of the wheel will be (
$1 \mathrm{G}=10^{-4} \mathrm{~T}$ )
49. 2.51 V
50. $2.51 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~V}$
51. $2.51 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~V}$
52. $4.0 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~V}$
53. An object is placed on the principal axis of a concave mirror at a distance of 1.5 f ( f is the focal length). The image will be at,
1.3 f
54. -3 f
55. 1.5 f
56. -1.5 f
57. If the critical angle for total internal reflection from a medium to vacuum is $45^{\circ}$, then velocity of light in the medium is,
58. $3 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
$2.1 .5 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
59. $\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
60. $\sqrt{2} \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
61. The power of a biconvex lens is 10 dioptre and the radius of curvature of each surface is 10 cm . Then the refractive index of the material of the lens is,
62. $\frac{3}{2}$
63. $\frac{4}{3}$
64. $\frac{9}{8}$
65. $\frac{5}{3}$
66. The de Broglie wavelength of an electron moving with kinetic energy of 144 eV is nearly
67. $102 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~nm}$
68. $102 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~nm}$
69. $102 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~nm}$
70. $102 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~nm}$
71. The wave nature of electrons was experimentally verified by,
72. Davisson and Germer
73. de Broglie
74. Hertz

## 4. Einstein

41. What happens to the mass number and atomic number of an element when it emits $\gamma$-radiation?
42. Mass number increases by four and atomic number increases by two.
43. Mass number decreases by four and atomic number decreases by two.
44. Mass number and atomic number remain unchanged.
45. Mass number remains unchanged while atomic number decreases by one.

The half life of a radioactive sample undergoing $\alpha$ - decay is $1.4 \times 10^{17}$
$s$. If the number of nuclei in the sample is $2.0 \times 10^{21}$, the activity of the sample is nearly

1. $10^{3} \mathrm{~Bq}$
2. $10^{4} \mathrm{~Bq}$
3. $10^{5} \mathrm{~Bq}$
4. $10^{6} \mathrm{~Bq}$
5. An intrinsic semiconductor is converted into n-type extrinsic semiconductor by doping it with
6. Germanium
7. Phosphorous
8. Aluminium
9. Silver
10. n-p-
n transistor is connected in common emitter configuration (see figure)in which collector voltage drop across load resistance (800 $\Omega$
) connected to the collector circuit is 0.8 V . The collector current is

11. 0.2 mA
12. 2 mA
13. 0.1 mA
14. 1 mA
15. Which of the following gate is called universal gate?
16. NOT gate
17. OR gate
18. AND gate
19. NAND gate

## Chemistry

## Section A

46. The number of angular nodes and radial nodes in 3s orbital are
47. 0 and 1 , respectively
48. 0 and 2 , respectively
49. 1 and 0 , respectively
50. 3 and 0 , respectively
51. The potential energy (y) curve for $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ formation as a function of internuclear distance ( x ) of the H atoms is shown below.


The bond energy of $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ is

1. $(\mathrm{c}-\mathrm{a})$
2. $(b-a)$
3. $\frac{(\mathrm{c}-\mathrm{a})}{2}$
4. $\frac{(\mathrm{b}-\mathrm{a})}{2}$
5. Identify the wrongly match pair.

Shape or
Molecule geometry of
1.
$\mathrm{NH}_{3} \quad$ Trigonal pyramidal

Shape or
Molecule geometry of
2.
$\overline{\mathrm{PCl}_{5}} \quad$ Trigonal planar

Shape or
Molecule geometry of
3. molecule
$\mathrm{SF}_{6} \quad$ Octahedral

Shape or
Molecule geometry of
4. molecule
$\mathrm{BeCl}_{2}$ Linear
49. Match the coordination number and type of hybridisation with distribution of hybrid orbitals in space based on Valence bond theory.

Coordination number and type of Distribution of hybrid orbitals hybridisation in space
(a) $4, \mathrm{sp}^{3}$
(i) $\begin{aligned} & \text { trigonal } \\ & \text { bipyramidal }\end{aligned}$
(b) $4, \mathrm{dsp}^{2}$ (ii) octahedral
(c) $5, \mathrm{sp}^{3} \mathrm{~d}$ (iii) tetrahedral
(d) $6, \mathrm{~d}^{2} \mathrm{sp}^{3}$ (iv)
square planer

Select the correct option

1. (a)-(iii) (b)-(i) (c)-(iv) (d)-(ii)
2. (a)-(ii) (b)-(iii) (c)-(iv) (d)-(i)
3. (a)-(iii) (b)-(iv) (c)-(i) (d)-(ii)
4. (a)-(iv) (b)-(i) (c)-(ii) (d)-(iii)
5. At standard conditions, if the change in the enthalpy for the following reaction is $-109 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$. $\mathrm{H}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}+\mathrm{Br}_{2(\mathrm{~g})} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{HBr}_{(\mathrm{g})}$
Given that bond energy of $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{Br}_{2}$ is $435 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ and $192 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ respectively. What is the bond energy (in $\mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ ) of HBr ?
6. 259
7. 368
8. 736
9. 518
10. If for a certain reaction $\Delta_{r} H$ is 30 $\mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ at 450 K , the value of $\Delta_{\mathrm{r}} \mathrm{S}$ (in $\mathrm{JK}^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ ) for which the same reaction will be spontaneous at the same temperature is
11. -70
12. 70
13. -33
14. 33
15. Which one of the following reactions does not come under hydrolysis type reaction ?
16. $\mathrm{P}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{10(\mathrm{~s})}+6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{(\mathrm{I})} \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4(\mathrm{aq})}$
$\mathrm{SiCl}_{4(\mathrm{I})}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{(\mathrm{I})} \rightarrow \mathrm{SiO}_{2(\mathrm{~s})}+4$
17. $\mathrm{HCl}_{(\mathrm{aq})}$
$\mathrm{Li}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{(\mathrm{s})}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{(\mathrm{I})} \rightarrow \mathrm{NH}_{3(\mathrm{~g})}+3$
18. $\mathrm{LiOH}_{(\mathrm{aq})}$
19. $\underset{\mathrm{O}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}}{2 \mathrm{~F}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{(\mathrm{I})} \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{HF}_{(\mathrm{aq})}+$
20. 

Identify the correct statement from the following.

1. Lithium chloride is deliquescent and crystallises as a hydrate, LiCI. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$.
2. The order of hydration enthalpies of alkaline earth cations $\underset{\mathrm{Ba}^{2+}}{\mathrm{Be}^{2+}}<\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}<\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}<\mathrm{Sr}^{2+}<$
3. Lithium and Magnesium show some similarities in their physical properties as they are diagonally placed in periodic table.
4. Lithium is softer among all alkali metals.
5. Match the compounds of Xe in column I with the molecular structure in column II.

## Column I

(a) $\mathrm{XeF}_{2}$ planar
(b) $\mathrm{XeF}_{4}$
(ii) Linear
(c) $\mathrm{XeO}_{3}$
(iii) Square
pyramidal
(d) $\mathrm{XeOF}_{4}$
(iv) Pyramidal

1. (a)-(ii) (b)-(i) (c)-(iv) (d)-(iii)
2. (a)-(ii) (b)-(i) (c)-(iii) (d)-(iv)
3. (a)-(ii) (b)-(iv) (c)-(iii) (d)-(i)
4. (a)-(ii) (b)-(iii) (c)-(i) (d)-(iv)
5. Which of the following compound is most reactive in electrophilic aromatic substitution?

## Column II

(i) Square
1.

2.

3.

4.

56. In a typical fuel cell, the reactant ( R ) and product $(\mathrm{P})$ are

1. $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{H}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}, \mathrm{N}_{2(\mathrm{~g})} ; \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{NH}_{3(\mathrm{aq})}$
2. $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{H}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}, \mathrm{O}_{2(\mathrm{~g})} ; \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2(\mathrm{l})}$
3. $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{H}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}, \mathrm{O}_{2(\mathrm{~g})} ; \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{(\mathrm{l})}$ $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{H}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}, \mathrm{O}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}, \mathrm{Cl}_{2(\mathrm{~g})} ; \mathrm{P}=$ 4. $\mathrm{HClO}_{4(\mathrm{aq})}$
4. The half-life for a zero order reaction having 0.02 M initial concentration of reactant is 100 s . The rate constant (in $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{L}^{-1} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ ) for the reaction is
5. $1.0 \times 10^{-2}$
6. $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$
7. $2.0 \times 10^{-4}$
8. $2.0 \times 10^{-3}$
9. In which of the sols, the colloidal particles are with negative charge?
10. Hydrated $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
11. $\mathrm{TiO}_{2}$
12. Haemoglobin
13. Starch
14. Match the elements in Column I with methods of purification in Column II.

| Column-I | Column- <br> II |
| :--- | :--- |
| (a) Boron | (i)Van Arkel <br> method |
| (b) Tin | (ii)Mond's <br> process |
| (c) Zirconium (iii) Liquation |  |
| (d) Nickel | (iv)Zone <br> refining |


|  | A | B | C | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | iii | iv | i | ii |


| 2 | iv | iii | i | ii |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | iv | iii | ii | i |
| 4 | ii | i | iv | iii |

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. Match the following aspects with the respective metal.

## Aspects <br> Metal

(a) The metal which reveals a (i)
maximum number Scandium of oxidation states
(b) The metal
although placed in
3d block is (ii) Copper
considered not as a transition element
(c) The metal which does not (iii) exhibit variable Manganese oxidaiton states
(d) The metal
which in +1
oxidation state in
aqueous solution
(iv) Zinc
undergoes
disproportionation
Select the correct option:

1. (a)-(ii) (b)-(iv) (c)-(i) (d)-(iii)
2. (a)-(i) (b)-(iv) (c)-(ii) (d)-(iii)
3. (a)-(iii) (b)-(iv) (c)-(i) (d)-(ii)
4. (a)-(iii) (b)-(i) (c)-(iv) (d)-(ii)
5. Which of the following will NOT undergo $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{N}} 1$ reaction readily with

OH ?

1. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{CCl}$

2. 


4.
$\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}$
62.
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \xrightarrow[\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}, \mathrm{OH}^{-}]{\mathrm{B}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}} \mathrm{Z}$. What is Z ?

1. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
2. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$
3. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{OH}) \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
4. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CHO}$
5. Which of the following acid will form an (a) Anhydride on heating and (b) Acid imide on strong heating with ammonia?
6. 


2.

3.

4.

64. Reaction of propanamide with ethanolic sodium hydroxide and bromine will give

1. Aniline
2. Ethylamine
3. Methylamine
4. Propylamine
5. Which of the following is not true about chloramphenicol ?
6. It is bacteriostatic.
7. It inhibits the growth of only gram positive bacteria.
8. It is a broad spectrum antibiotic.
9. It is not bactericidal.
10. One mole of carbon atom weighs 12 g , the number of atoms in it is equal to, (Mass of carbon-12 is
$\left.1.9926 \times 10^{-23} \mathrm{~g}\right)$
11. $6.022 \times 10^{22}$
12. $12 \times 10^{22}$
13. $6.022 \times 10^{23}$
14. $1.2 \times 10^{23}$
15. Among the compounds shown below which one revealed a linear structure?
16. $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
17. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
18. HOCl
19. $\mathrm{O}_{3}$
20. The minimum pressure required to compress $600 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ of a gas at 1 bar to $150 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is
21. 2.5 bar
22. 4.0 bar
23. 0.2 bar
24. 1.0 bar
25. Which among the following salt solutions is basic in nature?
26. Ammonium sulphate
27. Ammonium nitrate
28. Sodium acetate
29. Ammonium chloride
30. The solubility product for a salt of the type AB is $4 \times 10^{-8}$. What is the molarity of its standard solution?
$1.4 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}$
31. $2 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}$
32. $16 \times 10^{-16} \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}$
33. $2 \times 10^{-16} \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}$

The oxidation number of the underlined atom in the following species is wrongly matched

1. $\mathrm{HAu} \mathrm{Cl}_{4}$ is +3
2. $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \underline{\mathrm{O}}$ is -1
3. $\mathrm{ClO}_{3}{ }^{-}$is +5
4. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ is +6
5. What is the role of gypsum, $\mathrm{CaSO}_{4} \cdot 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ in setting of cement?
Identify the correct option from the following :
6. to slow down the setting process
7. to fasten the setting process
8. to provide water molecules for hydration process
9. to help to remove water molecules
10. Which of the following is a free radical substitution reaction?
11. Propene with $\mathrm{HBr} /\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{COO}\right)_{2}$
12. Benzene with $\mathrm{Br}_{2} / \mathrm{AlCI}_{3}$
13. Acetylene with HBr
14. Methane with $\mathrm{Br}_{2} / \mathrm{hv}$
15. A liquid compound (x) can be purified by steam distillation only if it is
16. Not steam volatile, immiscible with water
17. Steam volatile, immiscible with water
18. Not steam volatile, miscible with water
19. Steam volatile, miscible with water
20. Which of the following statement is NOT true about acid rain?
21. Its pH is less than 5.6
22. It is due to reaction of $\mathrm{SO}_{2}, \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ with rain water
23. Causes no damage to monuments like Taj Mahal
24. It is harmful for plants
25. Which one of the following compounds shows both, Frenkel as well as Schottky defects?
26. ZnS
27. AgBr
28. AgI
29. NaCl
30. Isotonic solutions have same
31. Boiling temperature
32. Vapour pressure
33. Freezing temperature
34. Osmotic pressure

Identify the reaction from following having top position in EMF series (Std. red. potential) according to their electrode potential at 298 K .

1. $\mathrm{K}^{+}+1 \mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{K}_{(\mathrm{s})}$
2. $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}+2 \mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mg}_{(\mathrm{s})}$
3. $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}+2 \mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Fe}_{(\mathrm{s})}$
4. $\mathrm{Au}^{3+}+3 \mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Au}_{(\mathrm{s})}$
5. In collision theory of chemical reaction, $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{AB}}$ represents
6. the fraction of molecules with energies equal to $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{a}}$
7. the fraction of molecules with energies greater than $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{a}}$
8. the collision frequency of reactants, A and B

## 4. steric factor

80. Which of the following substituted Phenols is the strongest acid?
81. 


$\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
2.

4.

81. Identify compound (A) in the following reaction:


1. Benzoic acid
2. Benzoyl chloride
3. Toluene
4. Acetophenone
5. Which of the following statement is not true about glucose?
6. It is an aldopentose.
7. It is an aldohexose.
8. It contains five hydroxyl groups.
9. It is a reducing sugar.
10. Deficiency of which vitamin causes osteomalacia?
11. Vitamin E
12. Vitamin A
13. Vitamin D
14. Vitamin K
15. Which of the following statement is correct about Bakelite?
16. It is a linear polymer
17. It is a cross linked polymer
18. It is an addition polymer
19. It is a branched polymer
20. Match the element in column I with that in column II.

| Column <br> I |  | Column II |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) Copper | (I) | Non-metal |
| (b) Fluorine (II) | Transition |  |
| Metal |  |  |

Identify the correct match :

1. a-(i), b-(ii), c-(iii), d-(iv)
2. a-(ii), b-(iv), c-(i), d-(iii)
3. a-(ii), b-(i), c-(iv), d-(iii)
4. a-(iv), b-(iii), c-(i), d-(ii)
5. How many (i) $\mathrm{sp}^{2}$ hybridised carbon atoms and (ii) $\pi$ bonds are present in the following compound?

6. 8,5
7. 7,5
8. 8,6
9. 7,6
10. Which of the following oxide is amphoteric in nature?
11. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
12. $\mathrm{SnO}_{2}$
13. $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$
14. $\mathrm{GeO}_{2}$
15. The reaction of concentrated sulphuric acid with carbohydrates ( $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{O}_{11}$ ) is an example of
16. Sulphonation
17. Dehydration
18. Oxidation
19. Reduction
20. If 8 g of a non-electrolyte solute is dissolved in 114 g of n -octane to
reduce its vapour pressure to $80 \%$, the molar mass (in $\mathrm{g} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ ) of the solute is $\qquad$ . If solution is assumed as dilute solution. [Given that molar mass of n-octane is 114 g $\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ ]
21. 20
22. 40
23. 60
24. 80
25. Identify the incorrect statement from the following :
26. The overall decrease in atomic and ionic radii from lanthanum to lutetium is called lanthanoid contraction.
27. Zirconium and Hafnium have identical radii of 160 pm and 159 pm , respectively as a consequence of lanthanoid contraction.
28. Lanthanoids reveal only +3 oxidation state.
29. The lanthanoid ions other than the $\mathrm{f}^{0}$ type and the $\mathrm{f}^{14}$ type are all paramagnetic.


## Section A

91. Cyclosporin A used as a immunosupressant agent, is produced from
92. Saccharomyces cerevisiae


## 4. Nitrates

98. The laws and rules to prevent unauthorised exploitation of bioresources are termed as
99. biopiracy
100. biopatenting
101. bioethics
102. bioengineering
103. Select the incorrect statement.
104. Elements most easily mobilized in plants from one region to another are phosphorus, nitrogen and potassium
105. Transport of molecules in phloem can be bidirectional
106. Movement of minerals in xylem is unidirectional
107. Unloading of sucrose at sink does not involve the utilization of ATP
100.Male and female gametophytes do not have an independent free living existence in
108. bryophytes
109. pteridophytes
110. algae
111. angiosperms
101.Match the following columns and select the correct option :


|  | a | b | c | d |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | ii | iv | v | iii |
| 2. | iii | v | iv | i |
| 3. | ii | i | iii | iv |
| 4 | ii | iii | iv | v |

1. 1
2. 2

## 3. 3

4. 4
102.Large, empty colourless cells of the adaxial epidermis along the veins of grass leaves are
5. bulliform cells
6. lenticels
7. guard cells
8. bundle sheath cells
103.Match Column-I with Column-II.

9. Mendel
10. Franklin
11. Meischer
12. Chargaff
107.In the polynucleotide chain of DNA, a nitrogenous base is linked to the OH of
13. 1/ C pentose sugar
14. 21 C pentose sugar
15. 3/ C pentose sugar
16. $5 / \mathrm{C}$ pentose sugar
108.In a mitotic cycle, the correct sequence of phases is
17. $\mathrm{G}_{1}, \mathrm{G}_{2}, \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{M}$
18. $S, G_{1}, G_{2}, M$
19. $G_{1}, S, G_{2}, M$
20. $M, G_{1}, G_{2}, S$,
109.First characterized restriction endonuclease that always cuts DNA molecules at a particular point by recognizing a specific sequence of six base pairs is

## 1. Hind II

2. EcoR I
3. Adenosine deaminase
4. Thermostable DNA polymerase
5. Phycoerythrin is the major pigment in
6. brown algae
7. red algae
8. blue green algae
9. green algae
10. Inclusion bodies of blue-green, purple and green photosynthetic bacteria are
11. microtubules
12. contractile vacuoles
13. gas vacuoles
14. centrioles
112.The size of Pleuropneumonia - like organism (PPLO) is
15. $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
16. $0.02 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
17. $1-2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
18. $10-20 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
19. Which of the following elements helps in maintaining the structure of ribosomes?
20. Molybdenum
21. Magnesium
22. Zinc
23. Copper
114.In a mixture, DNA fragments are separated by
24. polymerase chain reaction
25. bioprocess engineering
26. restriction digestion
27. electrophoresis
28. Which of the following is incorrect about cyanobacteria?
29. They have chlorophyll 'a' similar to green plants
30. They are photoautotrophs
31. They lack heterocysts
32. They often form blooms in polluted water bodies
33. Attachment of spindle fibers to kinetochores of chromosomes becomes evident in
34. metaphase
35. anaphase
36. telophase
37. prophase
117.Who coined the term 'Kinetin'?
38. Kurosawa
39. Skoog and Miller
40. Darwin
41. Went
42. Vegetative propagule in Agave is termed as
43. eye
44. rhizome
45. bulbil
46. offset
47. Which of the following is incorrect for wind pollinated plants?
48. Pollen grains are light and nonsticky
49. Well exposed stamens and stigma
50. Many ovules in each ovary
51. Flowers are small and not brightly coloured
120.In some plants thalamus contributes to fruit formation. Such fruits are termed as
52. parthenocarpic fruit
53. false fruits
54. aggregate fruits
55. true fruits
121.For the commercial and industrial production of citric acid, which of the following microbes is used?

## 1. Clostridium butylicum

2. Aspergillus niger
3. Lactobacillus $s p$.
4. Saccharomyces cerevisiae
122.RNA interference is used for which of the following purposes in the field of biotechnology?
5. To reduce post harvest losses
6. To develop a plant tolerant to abiotic stresses
7. To develop a pest resistant plant against infestation by nematode
8. To enhance the mineral usage by the plant
123.During non-cyclic photophosphorylation, when electrons are lost from the reaction centre at PS II, what is the source which replaces these electrons?
9. Light
10. Oxygen
11. Water
12. Carbon dioxide
124.E. coli has only $4.6 \times 10^{6}$ base pairs and completes the process of replication within 18 minutes; then the average rate of polymerization is approximately?
13. 1000 base pairs/second
14. 2000 base pairs/second
15. 3000 base pairs/second
16. 4000 base pairs/second
125.Correct position of floral parts over thalamus in mustard plant is
17. gynoecium is situated in the centre, and other parts of the flower are located at the rim of the thalamus, at the same level.
18. gynoecium occupies the highest position, while the other parts are situated below it.
19. margin of the thalamus grows upward, enclosing the ovary completely, and other parts arise below the ovary.
20. gynoecium is present in the centre and other parts cover it partially.
126.Which of the following statements about cork cambium is incorrect?
21. It is a couple of layers thick.
22. It forms the secondary cortex on its outer side.
23. It forms a part of periderm.
24. It is responsible for the formation of lenticels.
25. Which of the following statements is incorrect about gymnosperms?
26. Their seeds are not enclosed by any layers of pericarp.
27. All are heterosporous.
28. Male and female gametophytes are free living.
29. Most of them have narrow leaves with thick cuticle.
128.During Meiosis I, in which stage synapsis takes place?

## 1. Leptotene

2. Pachytene
3. Zygotene
4. Diplotene
129.Chromosomal theory of inheritance was proposed by
5. Watson and Crick
6. Sutton and Boveri
7. Bateson and Punnet
8. T.H. Morgan
130.Spooling is done for
9. collection of isolated DNA
10. amplification of DNA
11. cutting of separated DNA bands from the agarose gel
12. transfer of separated DNA fragments to synthetic membranes
131.Select the correct statement from the following.
13. PCR is used for the isolation and separation of gene of interest.
14. Gel electrophoresis is used for the amplification of a DNA segment.
15. The polymerase enzyme joins the gene of interest and the vector DNA.
16. Restriction enzyme digestions are performed by incubating purified

DNA molecules with the restriction enzymes at optimum conditions.
132.Identify the correct features of mango and coconut fruits.
(i) In both fruit is a drupe
(ii) Endocarp is edible in both
(iii) Mesocarp in coconut is fibrous, and in mango it is fleshy (iv) In both, fruit develops from monocarpellary ovary
Select the correct option from below

1. (i) and (ii) only
2. (i), (iii) and (iv) only
3. (i), (ii) and (iii) only
4. (i) and (iv) only
5. Which of the following statements is incorrect regarding the phosphorus cycle?
6. It is a sedimentary cycle.
7. Phosphates are the major form of phosphorus reservoir.
8. Phosphorus solubilizing bacteria facilitate the release of phosphorus from organic remains.
9. There is an appreciable respiratory release of phosphorus into the atmosphere.
134.The biosynthesis of ribosomal RNA occurs in
10. nucleolus
11. ribosomes
12. golgi apparatus
13. microbodies
14. Which of the following is the correct floral formula of Liliaceae?
15. $\oplus \oint_{+} K_{(5)} \overparen{\mathbf{C}_{(5)} A_{5} \underline{G}_{(2)}}$
16. $\% \hat{q}^{\hat{c}} \mathbf{C}_{1+2+(2)} \mathbf{A}_{(9)+1} \underline{G}_{1}$
17. $\oplus \hat{O}$ O $K_{(5)}{\widetilde{C_{(5)}} A_{5} \underline{G}_{(2)}}^{\prime}$
18. $\mathrm{Br} \oplus \underset{+}{\hat{P_{(3+3)}} \mathrm{A}_{3+3} \mathbf{G}_{(3)}}$
136.The best example for pleiotropy is
19. ABO Blood group
20. skin colour
21. phenylketoneuria
22. colour blindness
137.Inhibitory substances in dormant seeds cannot be removed by subjecting seeds to:
23. Chilling conditions
24. Gibberellic acid
25. Nitrate
26. Ascorbic acid

Zoology

## Section A

138.The rate of decomposition is faster in the ecosystem due to following factors, except

1. warm and moist environment
2. presence of aerobic soil microbes
3. detritus richer in lignin and chitin
4. detritus rich in sugars
139.According to Alexander von Humboldt,
5. species richness increases with increasing explored area, but only up to a limit
6. there is no relationship between species richness and area explored
7. species richness goes on increasing indefinitely with increasing area of exploration
8. species richness decreases with increasing area of exploration
140.Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act was amended in 1987 to include among pollutants
9. Particulates of size 2.5 micrometer or below
10. Vehicular exhaust
11. Allergy causing pollen
12. Noise
141.Intrinsic factor that helps in the absorption of vitamin $B_{12}$ is secreted by
13. hepatic cells
14. oxyntic cells
15. chief cells
16. goblet cells
17. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
18. Energy content gradually increases from first to fourth trophic level
19. Number of individuals decreases from first trophic level to fourth trophic level
20. Energy content gradually decreases from first to fourth trophic level
21. Biomass decreases from first to fourth trophic level
143.A species which was introduced for ornamentation but has become a troublesome weed in India :

## 1. Trapa spinosa

2. Parthenium hysterophorus
3. Eichhornia crassipes

## 4. Prosopis juliflora

144.Match the following columns with reference to cockroach and select the correct option.

## Column <br> I <br> Column II <br> Grinding

(a) of the
(i) $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hepatic } \\ & \text { caecae }\end{aligned}$ particles

Secrete
(b) gastric
(ii) $10^{\text {th }}$ segment juice

(c) 10 pairs (iii) | Pro- |
| :--- |
| ventriculus |

(d) Anal cerci
(iv) Spiracles
(v) Alary
muscles

|  | a | b | c | d |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | iv | iii | v | ii |
| 2 | i | iv | iii | ii |
| 3 | ii | iii | i | iv |
| 4 | iii | i | iv | ii |

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
145.Match the following group of organisms with their respective distinctive characteristics and select the correct option.

Organisms
Characteristics
Cylindrical
(a) Platyhelminthes(i) body with no segmentation Warm blooded
(b)Echinoderms
(ii) animals with direct development
(c) Hemichordates (iii)Bilateral symmetry with incomplete

|  |  |  | igestive ystem |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (d) Aves |  |  | Radial <br> ymmetry with ndirect evelopment |
| a | b | c | d |
| i | ii | iii | iv |
| 2 iii | iv | i | ii |
| ii | iii | iv | i |
| 4 iv | i | ii | iii |
| 1. 1 |  |  |  |
| 2. 2 |  |  |  |
| 3.3 |  |  |  |
| 4. 4 |  |  |  |

146. Match the following columns and select the correct option:

## Column

## I

## Column II

Human
(a) Ovary
(i) chorionic gonadotropin
(b) Placenta
(ii)
Estrogen and
Progesterone
(c) Corpus
(iii) Androgens
(d) Leydig cells
(iv) $\begin{aligned} & \text { Progesterone } \\ & \text { only }\end{aligned}$

|  | a | b | c | d |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | ii | i | iv | iii |
| 2 | iv | iii | ii | i |
| 3 | i | ii | iii | iv |
| 4 | i | iii | ii | iv |

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
147.Select the correct statement.
5. Angiotensin II is a powerful vasodilator.
6. Counter current pattern of blood flow is not observed in vasa recta.
7. Reduction in glomerular filtration rate activates JG cells to release renin.
8. Atrial Natriuretic Factor increases the blood pressure.
148.Match the items in Column I with those in Column II :

Column I Column II
(a) Herbivores-
(i) Commensalism
(b) Mycorrhiza-
(ii) Mutualism
(c) $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sheep- } \\ & \text { Cattle }\end{aligned}$
(iii) Predation
(d) Orchid-Tree (iv) Competition

Select the correct option from following:

|  | a | b | c | d |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | i | iii | iv | ii |
| 2 | iv | ii | i | iii |
| 3 | iii | ii | iv | i |
| 4 | ii | i | iii | iv |

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
149.In cockroach, identify the parts of the foregut in correct sequence.
5. Mouth $\rightarrow$ Pharynx $\rightarrow$

Oesophagus $\rightarrow$ Crop $\rightarrow$ Gizzard
2. Mouth $\rightarrow$ Oesophagus $\rightarrow$

Pharynx $\rightarrow$ Crop $\rightarrow$ Gizzard
3. Mouth $\rightarrow$ Crop $\rightarrow$ Pharynx $\rightarrow$

Oesophagus $\rightarrow$ Gizzard
4. Mouth $\rightarrow$ Gizzard $\rightarrow$ Crop $\rightarrow$ Pharynx $\rightarrow$ Oesophagus
150.Match the following columns and select the correct option.

## Column I

## Column II

(a) Aptenodytes
(i)
Flying fox
(b)Pteropus
(ii) fish $\begin{aligned} & \text { Angel } \\ & \text { fiis }\end{aligned}$
(c) Pterophyllum (iii) Lamprey
(d) Petromyzon (iv) Penguin
(a) (b) (c) (d)

| 1 | ii | i | iv | iii |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | iii | iv | ii | i |
| 3 | iii | iv | i | ii |
| 4 | iv | i | ii | iii |

1. 1
2. 2
3.3
3. 4
151.Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column I Column II

| (i) Typhoid | (a)Haemophilus <br> influenzae <br> (ii) Malaria <br> (b)Wuchereria <br> bancrofti <br> (iii) Pneumonia (c) Plasmodium <br> vivax |
| :--- | :--- |
| (iv) Filariasis | (d)Salmonella <br> typhi |


|  | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | c | d | b | a |
| 2 | a | c | b | d |
| 3 | a | b | d | c |
| 4 | d | c | a | b |

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
152.Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| Column <br> I | Column II |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rods | Absence of |

(a) and (i) photoreceptor cones cells (b) ${ }_{\text {Spot }}$
(ii) densely packed
(c) Fovea
(iii) $\begin{aligned} & \text { Photoreceptor } \\ & \text { cells }\end{aligned}$

Visible
(d) Iris
(iv) coloured portion of the eye

|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | ii | iii | i | iv |
| 2 | iii | iv | ii | i |
| 3 | ii | iv | iii | i |
| 4 | iii | i | ii | iv |

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
153.Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column I
Column II
(a)

Pneumotaxic
centre
(i) Alveoli
(b)
$\mathrm{O}_{2}$ dissociation
curve
(ii) $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pons region } \\ & \text { of brain }\end{aligned}$

Carbonic
(c) anhydrase
(iii)Haemoglobin
(d) Primary site of
gas exchange (iv) RBC

|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | ii | iii | iv | i |
| 2 | iii | ii | iv | i |
| 3 | iv | i | iii | ii |
| 4 | i | iii | ii | iv |

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
154.Match the following columns and select the correct option.

## Column I Column II

Decreased
(a) Gout
(i) level of oestrogen
Low Ca ${ }^{++}$
(b) Osteoporosis (ii) ions in the blood
(c) Tetany
(iii) Accumulation of uric acid
$\begin{array}{cc} & \text { crystals } \\
\hline \text { (d) Muscular } \\
\text { dystrophy }\end{array}$ (iv) \(\left.\begin{array}{l}Autoimmune <br>

disorder\end{array}\right]\)| Genetic |
| :--- |

(a) (b) (c) (d)

| 1 | iii | i | ii | v |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | iv | v | i | ii |
| 3 | i | ii | iii | iv |
| 4 | ii | i | iii | iv |

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

## Column I Column II

| Pituitary <br> (a) <br> hormone |
| :--- |
| (i) Steroid |
| (b) Epinephrine(ii) Neuropeptides |
| (c) Endorphins (iii)Peptides, <br> proteins |
| (d) Cortisol |


|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | iii | iv | ii | i |
| 2 | iv | iii | i | ii |
| 3 | iii | iv | i | ii |
| 4 | iv | i | ii | iii |

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 

After about how many years of formation of earth, life appeared on planet Earth?

1. 50 million years
2. 500 million years
3. 50 billion years
4. 500 billion years
157.Hormones stored and released from neurohypophysis are
5. oxytocin and vasopressin
6. follicle stimulating hormone and leutinising hormone
7. prolactin and vasopressin
8. thyroid stimulating hormone and oxytocin
158.Inbreeding depression is
9. reduced fertility and productivity due to continued close inbreeding
10. reduced motility and immunity due to close inbreeding
11. decreased productivity due to mating of superior male and inferior female
12. decrease in body mass of progeny due to continued close inbreeding
159.The Total Lung Capacity (TLC) is the total volume of air accomodated in the lungs at the end of a forced inspiration. This includes
13. RV; ERV; IC and EC.
14. RV; ERV; VC (Vital Capacity) and FRC (Functional Residual Capacity).
15. RV (Residual Volume); ERV (Expiratory Reserve Volume); TV (Tidal Volume); and IRV (Inspiratory Reserve Volume).
16. RV; IC (Inspiratory Capacity); EC (Expiratory Capacity); and ERV.
160.Which of the following conditions cause erythroblastosis foetalis?
17. Mother $\mathrm{Rh}^{-\mathrm{ve}}$ and foetus $\mathrm{Rh}^{+\mathrm{ve}}$
18. Both mother and foetus $\mathrm{Rh}^{-\mathrm{ve}}$
19. Both mother and foetus $\mathrm{Rh}^{+\mathrm{ve}}$
20. Mother $\mathrm{Rh}^{+\mathrm{ve}}$ and foetus $\mathrm{Rh}^{\text {-ve }}$
161.Embryological support for evolution was proposed by
21. Karl Ernst vol Baer
22. Charles Darwin
23. Alfred Wallace

## 4. Ernst Heckel

162.According to Central Pollution Control Board [CPCB] what size (in diameter) of particulate is responsible for causing greater harm to human health?

## 1. 3.0 micrometers

2. 3.5 micrometers
3. 2.5 micrometers
4. 4.0 micrometers
163.Which of the following options correctly represent the characteristic features of phylum Annelida?
5. Diploblastic, mostly marine and radially symmetrical.
6. Triploblastic, unsegmented and bilaterally symmetrical.
7. Triploblastic, segmented and bilaterally symmetrical.
8. Triploblastic, flattened and acoelomate condition.
164.Select the incorrectly matched pair from following.
9. Osteocytes - Bone cells
10. Chondrocytes - Smooth muscle cells
11. Neurons - Nerve cells
12. Fibroblast - Areolar tissue
165.Progestogens alone or in combination with estrogens can be used as a contraceptive in the form of
13. pills only
14. implants only
15. injections only
16. pills, injections and implants
166.Select the correct option of haploid cells from the following groups.
17. Primary spermatocyte, secondary spermatocyte, second polar body
18. Primary oocyte, secondary oocyte, spermatid
19. Secondary spermatocyte, first polar body, ovum
20. Spermatogonia, primary spermatocyte, spermatid
167.The proteolytic enzyme rennin is found in
21. bile juice
22. gastric juice
23. pancreatic juice
24. intestinal juice
168.The impact of immigration on population density is
25. Positive
26. Negative
27. Both positive and negative
28. Neutralized by natality
169.The yellowish fluid "colostrum" secreted by mammary glands of mother during the initial days of lactation has abundant antibodies $(\lg A)$ to protect the infant. This type of immunity is called as
29. active immunity
30. acquired immunity
31. autoimmunity
32. passive immunity
170.The phenomenon of evolution of different species in a given geographical area starting from a point and spreading to other habitats is called
33. co-evolution
34. convergent evolution
35. adaptive radiation
36. saltation
171.In the following in each set a conservation approach and an example of method of conservation are given
(a) In situ conservation - Biosphere reserve
(b) Ex situ conservation - Sacred groves
(c) In situ conservation - Seed bank
(d) Ex situ conservation -

Cryopreservation
Select the option with correct match of approach and method.

1. (a) and (b)
2. (a) and (c)
3. (a) and (d)
4. (b) and (d)
5. Which of the following STIs are not curable?
6. Gonorrhoea, Trichomoniasis, Hepatitis B
7. Genital herpes, Hepatitis B, HIV infection
8. Chlamydiasis, Syphilis, Genital warts
9. HIV, Gonorrhoea, Trichomoniasis
173.All vertebrates are chordates but all chordates are not vertebrates, why?
10. All chordates possess notochord throughout their life.
11. Notochord is replaced by vertebral column in adult of some chordates.
12. Ventral hollow nerve cord remains throughout life in some chordates.
13. All chordates possess vertebral column.
174.In human beings, which of the following is observed at the end of 12 weeks(first trimester) of pregnancy?
14. Movement of the foetus
15. Eyelids and eyelashes are formed
16. Most of the major organ systems are formed
17. The head is covered with hair
18. 

The increase in osmolarity from outer to inner medullary interstitium is maintained due to :
(i) Close proximity between Henle's loop and vasa recta
(ii) Counter current mechanism
(iii) Selective secretion of $\mathrm{HCO}_{3}{ }^{-}$ and hydrogen ions in PCT (iv) Higher blood pressure in glomerular capillaries

1. (i) and (ii)
2. Only (ii)
3. (iii) and (iv)
4. (i), (ii) and (iii)
5. Which is the basis of genetic mapping of human genome as well as DNA finger printing?
6. Single nucleotide polymorphism
7. Polymorphism in hnRNA sequence
8. Polymorphism in RNA sequence
9. Polymorphism in DNA sequence
177.A hominid fossil discovered in Java in 1891, now extinct, having cranial capacity of about 900 cc was
10. Neanderthal man
11. Homo sapiens
12. Australopithecus
13. Homo erectus

Which of the following is associated with decrease in cardiac output?

1. Adrenal medullary hormones
2. Sympathetic nerves
3. Parasympathetic neural signals
4. Pneumotaxic centre
179.Match the following techniques or instruments with their usage:

Separation of
(a) Bioreactor
(i) DNA fragments Production of large quantities of products
Detection of pathogen,
(c) PCR
based on
(iii)
antigenantibody reaction
Amplification
(d)ELISA
(iv) of nucleic acids

Select the correct option from following:

|  | a | b | c | d |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | ii | i | iii | iv |
| 2. | iii | ii | iv | i |
| 3. | ii | i | iv | iii |
| 4. | iv | iii | ii | i |

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
180.Identify the statement which is incorrect.
5. Tyrosine possesses aromatic ring in its structure.
6. Sulphur is an integral part of cysteine.
7. Glycine is an example of lipids.
8. Lecithin contains phosphorus atom in its structure.
