

This Question Paper contains 4 Printed Pages.

21E(A)

SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper - I

(English version)

Parts A and B

Time : 2 hrs. 45 min.]

[Maximum Marks : 40

Instructions :

1. 15 minutes is allocated to read the question paper and 2.30 hours is allocated to write answers.
 2. **Part-A** must be answered in a separate answer sheet.
 3. Students can take **Part-A** (Question Paper) with them.
 4. Map of **India** and **Part-B** (Bit Paper) should be attached to the answer sheet and give them to the invigilator.
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Part - A

Time : 2.00 hrs.

Marks : 30

SECTION - I

4×1=4

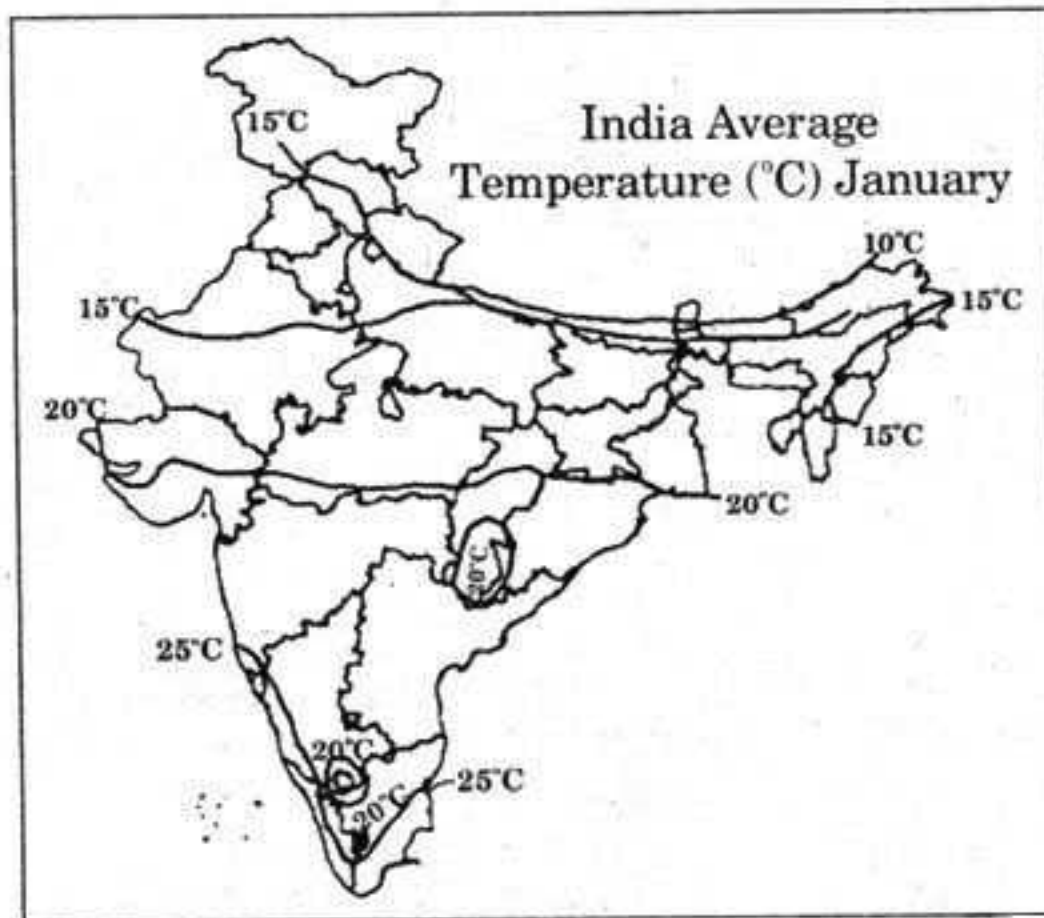
NOTE :

- (i) Write answers to the **FOUR** questions in one or two sentences.
- (ii) Each question carries **ONE** mark.

1. Why did the people oppose the establishment of Kudankulam Nuclear Power project in Tamil Nadu ?

2. Why were usually men paid more wages than women for the same work ?

3. Observe the map of *India* and answer the following question.



Q. : Mention the names of any two states in which the average temperature of January is 10°C.

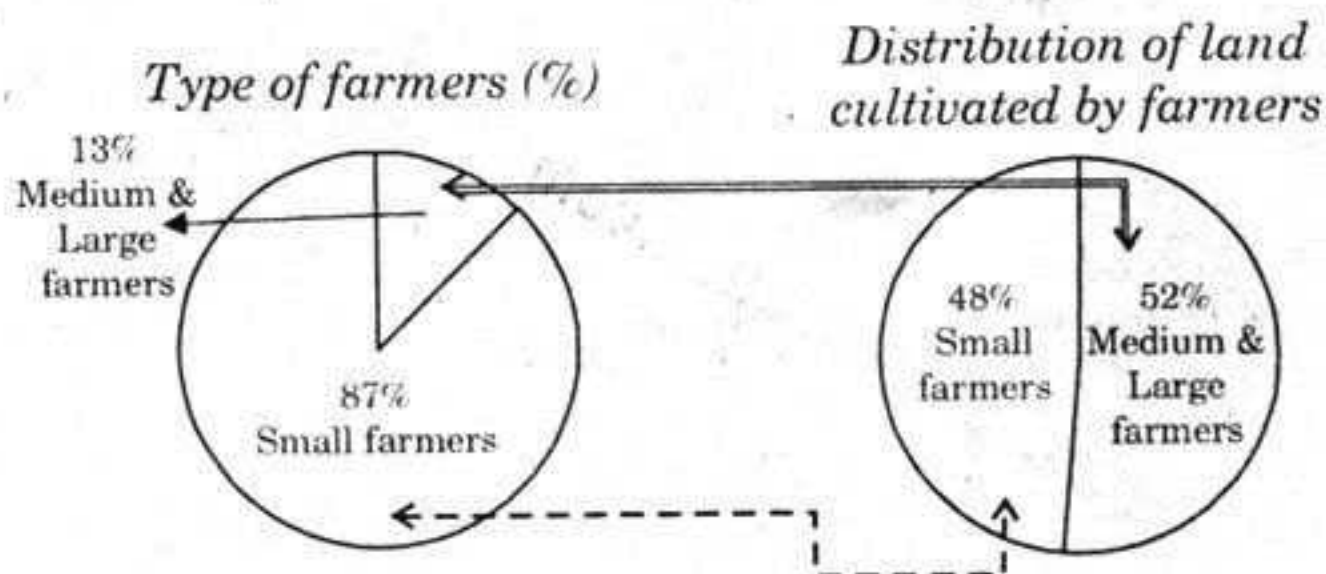
4. What are called factors of production ?

SECTION - II

5×2=10

NOTE : (i) Answers **all** the **FIVE** questions in 5 or 6 sentences.
(ii) Each question carries **TWO** marks.

5. People generally do not like to work in unorganised sector. Why ?
6. Write suggestions to avoid food waste in Mid-day meal in your school.
7. Study the information given below and write your observations.



8. Explain the effects of Globalisation in India.
9. How does organic farming promote bio-diversity ?

SECTION - III

4×4=16

- NOTE :** (i) Answer **all** the following questions in 10 or 12 sentences.
(ii) Each question carries **FOUR** marks.
(iii) Each question has internal choice. You can choose any **ONE**.

10. (A) Describe the Indian Islands.

OR

- (B) "We should be able to integrate environmental concerns with the idea of progress". Explain.

11. (A) Read the given para and answer the question given below.

Most scientists from around the world agree on this much : AGW is real, it is happening, and it is leading to rapid and drastic climate change. They warn that severe weather and other changes will increase in the coming years. One of the human activities that contribute to global warming is deforestation.

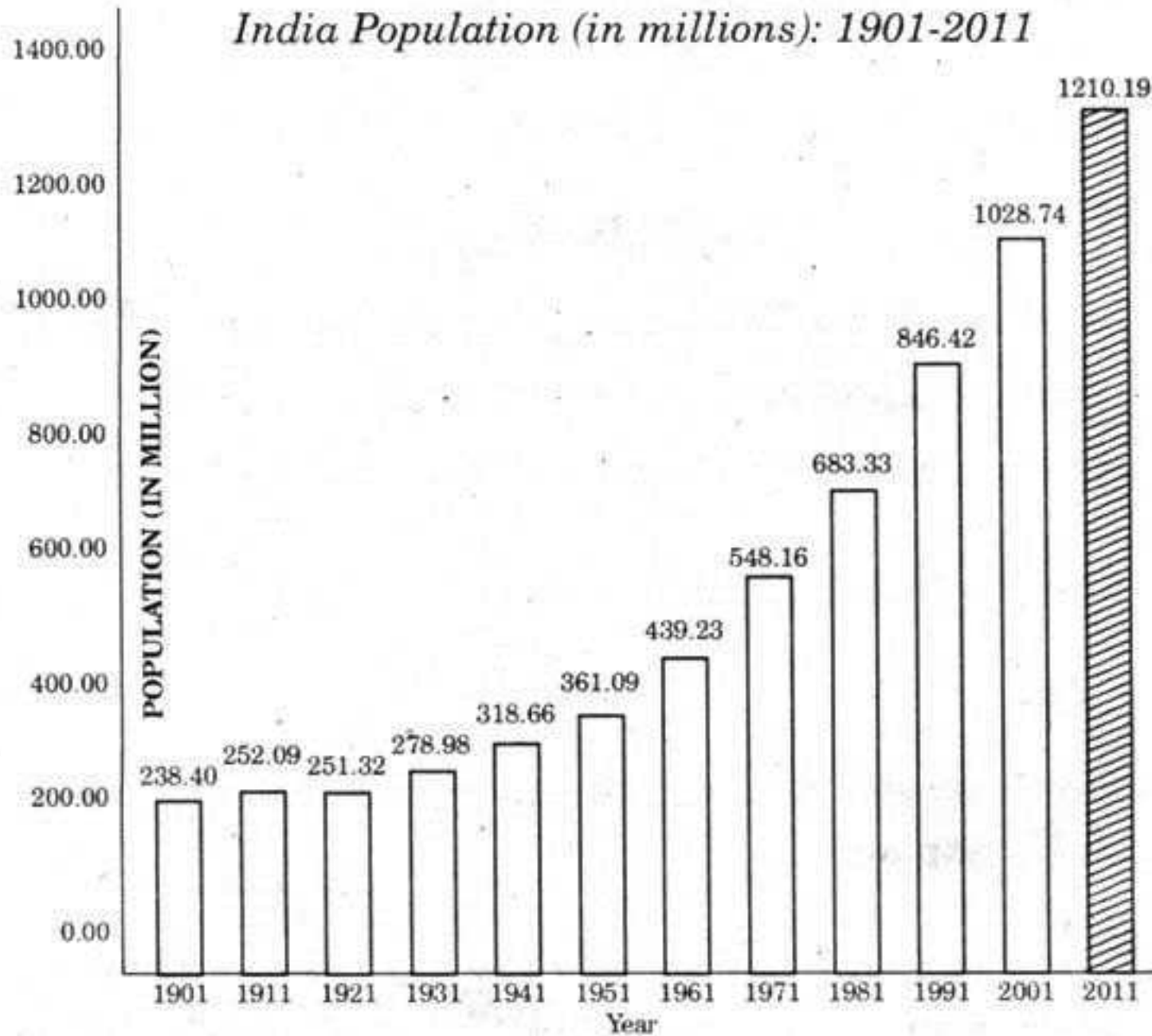
- Q : Read the text given above and comment on the climate change.

OR

- (B) When families migrate, children accompanying their parents do not have creche facilities. Grown up children are not able to continue their studies at their parents' new workplaces. Schools in their native place refuse to take them again when they come back. They finally become dropouts. When males leave their families this is also a major challenge for women who have to take care of all the responsibilities of the family and elderly people who need care. Young girls in such families are required to take care of siblings and many of them become dropouts.

- Q : "Most of the children of migrant families become dropouts" -
Comment.

12. (A) Study the graph and answer the following questions.



- (1) In which year, did the population decrease ?
- (2) For how many years, census have been held regularly ?
- (3) Why was the population of India increasing after independence ?
- (4) What problems would arise with population explosion ?

OR

(B) Plot the below information on a bar graph. Write your observation.

Sl. No.	State	Literacy rate
1.	Punjab	77
2.	Himachal Pradesh	84
3.	Bihar	64

13. Mark the following in the given outline map of **India**.

- (A) (1) Himachal Pradesh. (2) River Tungabhadra.
 (3) Aravalli ranges. (4) Indira Point.

OR

- (B) (1) Highest peak in India.
 (2) Islands of volcanic origin
 (3) Saltwater lake in Andhra Pradesh.
 (4) The state with low density population.

This Question Paper contains 4 Printed Pages.

21E(B)

SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper - I

(English version)

Parts A and B

Time : 2 hrs. 45 min.]

[Maximum Marks : 40

Instruction : Write the answers to the questions in this **Part-B** on the Question paper itself and attach it to the answer book of **Part-A**.

Part - B

Time : 30 minutes

Marks : 10

SECTION - IV

NOTE :

1. Write the CAPITAL LETTERS (A, B, C, D) showing the correct answer for the following questions in the brackets provided against each question.
 2. Each question carries $\frac{1}{2}$ mark.
 3. Answer **all** the questions.
 4. Answers are to be written in the question paper only.
 5. Marks will **not** be awarded in any case of over-writing, rewritten or erased answers.
14. Which of the following statements is correct, related to Indian rivers ? []
- (i) Himalayan rivers are perennial rivers.
 - (ii) Godavari and Krishna are peninsular rivers.
 - (iii) All the Indian rivers originate from Himalayas.
- (A) (i) only
(B) (i) and (ii)
(C) (iii) only
(D) (i), (ii) and (iii)

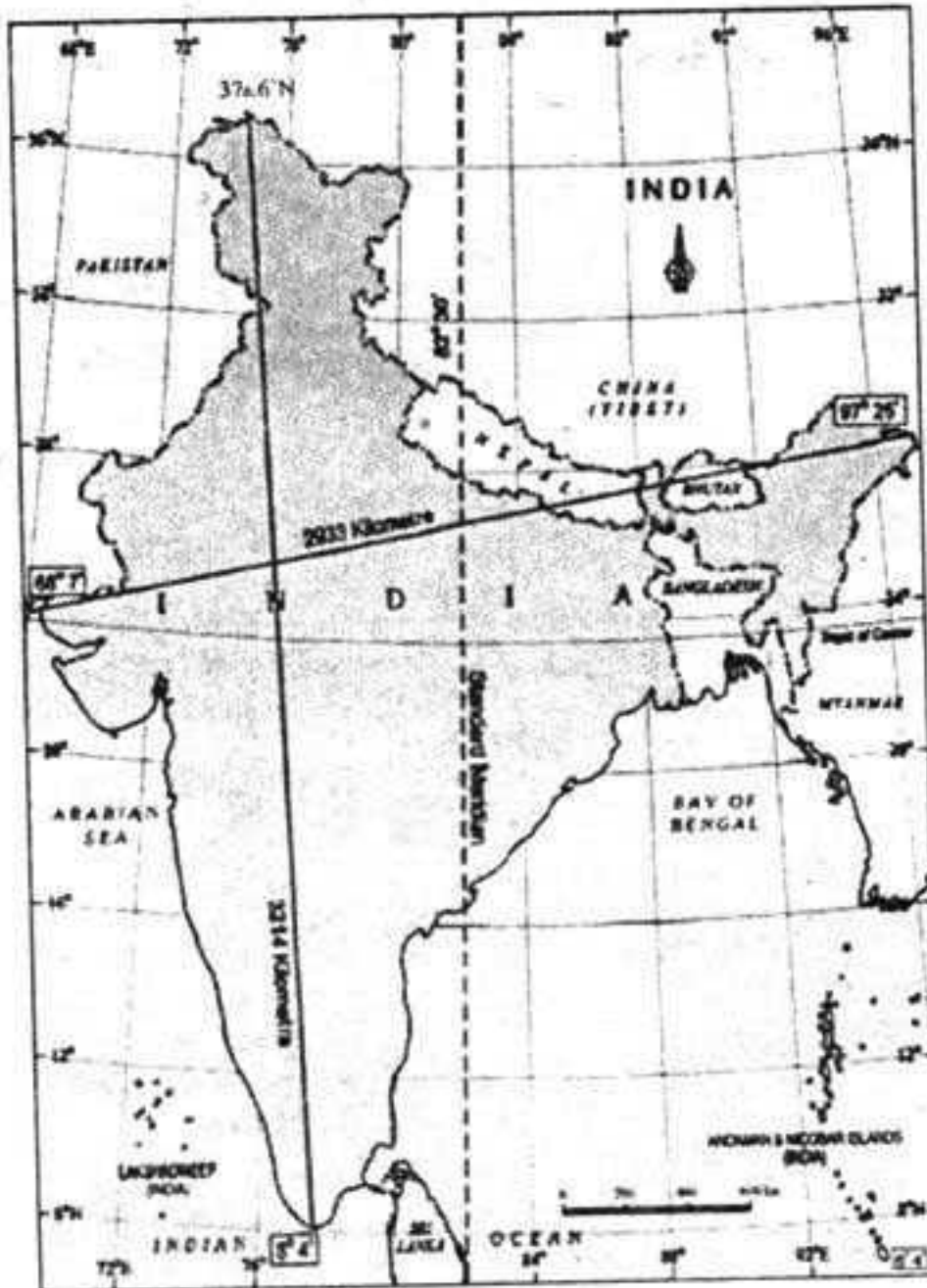
15. The people who are mainly benefited by Globalization. []
- (1) Rich consumers.
(2) Skilled and educated people.
(3) Farmers.
(4) Poor people.
- (A) 1 and 2 (B) 3 and 4
(C) 1 and 3 (D) 1 and 4
16. Who supply food products for the low income groups ? []
- (A) Multinational Companies.
(B) World Health Organisation.
(C) Public Distribution System.
(D) World Bank.
17. The aim of WTO is []
- (A) To liberalise the International trade.
(B) To impose barriers to foreign investment.
(C) To discourage globalization.
(D) To favour the backward countries.
18. Based on which factor among the following, a state can be mentioned as a backward state ? []
- (A) High infant mortality rate. (B) Low literacy rate.
(C) Low net attendance rate. (D) All the above.
19. Thar desert is situated in the leeward side of which mountains ? []
- (A) Himalayas (B) Vindhya
(C) Satpura (D) Aravalli
20. GDP is the total value of []
- (A) All the services.
(B) All intermediate goods.
(C) All final goods.
(D) Both A and B.
21. Which among the following countries is in a better position according to Human Development Index 2013 ? []
- (A) Nepal (B) Pakistan
(C) Myanmar (D) Srilanka

22. Which of the following sentence is wrong ? []
- (A) Tropical regions are nearer to the equator.
 (B) Temperature increases as altitude increases.
 (C) Intensity of temperature depends on the latitude.
 (D) As we move away from the equator towards the poles temperature decreases.
23. Who among the following belong to unorganised sector ? []
- (A) Bank employees (B) Government teachers
 (C) Agricultural labourers (D) Railway employees
24. Himalayan rivers are called Perennial because []
- (A) they provide livelihood to Indians.
 (B) they flow throughout the year.
 (C) they help farming.
 (D) many tributaries join them.
25. Tools, Machines, Buildings are called in the Production process as .. []
- (A) Working Capital. (B) Fixed Capital.
 (C) A and B. (D) None.
26. The first state that follow organic farming in India is []
- (A) Punjab (B) Kerala
 (C) Sikkim (D) Meghalaya
27. Find the mis-match : []
- (A) Rajiv Gandhi International airport - Hyderabad.
 (B) Indira Gandhi International airport - Kolkata.
 (C) Suvarna Bhoomi International airport - Bangkok.
 (D) Heathrow airport - London.
28. The south Indian rivers are flowing towards east because []
- (A) Bay of Bengal is located in the East.
 (B) Their origin is in Eastern ghats.
 (C) Deccan plateau is slanting towards the east.
 (D) They are not perennial.

29. The criteria taken by UNDP as a standard to measure development []

- (A) Migration (B) Health status of people.
 (C) Percapita income: (D) Both B and C.

☐ Observe the map given below and answer the questions 30, 31.



Map : India - north-south, east-west extent and standard meridian

30. The country that doesn't share its land boundary with India. []

- (A) Nepal (B) China
 (C) Srilanka (D) Pakistan

31. The line that divides India into almost two equal halves. []

- (A) Tropic of Cancer. (B) Tropic of Capricorn.
 (C) Equator. (D) Greenwich longitude.

32. Which among the following measures help to control global warming? []

- (A) Growing trees. (B) Following Organic farming.
 (C) Utilising the Public Transport. (D) All the above.

33. The main tool that can reduce the gender discrimination. []

- (A) Health. (B) Marriage.
 (C) Education. (D) Migration.